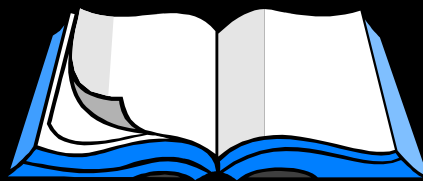


INTRODUCTION TO OLD TESTAMENT



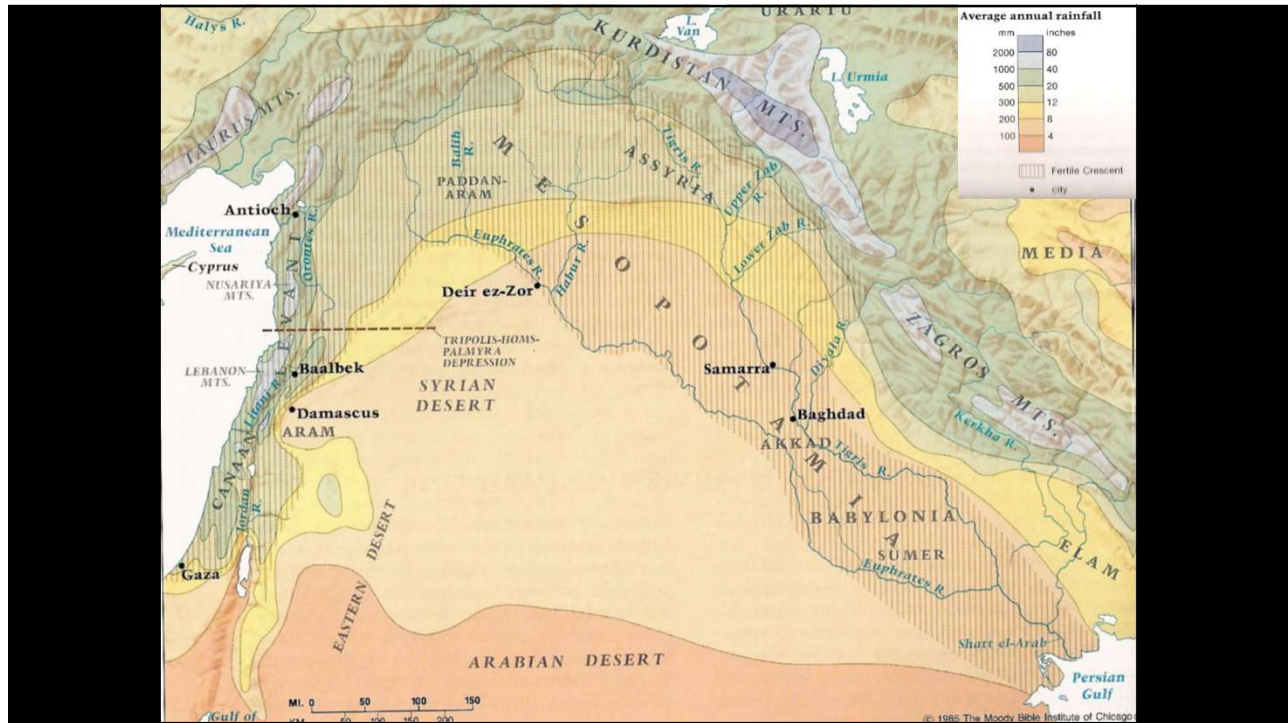
WHY SHOULD WE STUDY OLD TESTAMENT?

“All Scripture is inspired by God and profitable for teaching, for reproof, for correction, for training in righteousness; so that the man of God may be adequate, equipped for every good work.”

2 Tim 3:16-17

Geographical Orientation

- ◆ Biblical Descriptions
- ◆ Between Nations
- ◆ Between Sea and Desert
- ◆ Geology
- ◆ Mountains and Valleys
- ◆ Highways and Byways
- ◆ Climate
- ◆ Boundaries and Borders
- ◆ Names of the Region



Biblical Descriptions

- Genesis 15:18
- Exodus 3:8
- Numbers 13:17-21
- Deuteronomy 8:7-8
- Deuteronomy 11:8-17
- Joshua 11:16
- 1 Samuel 3:20



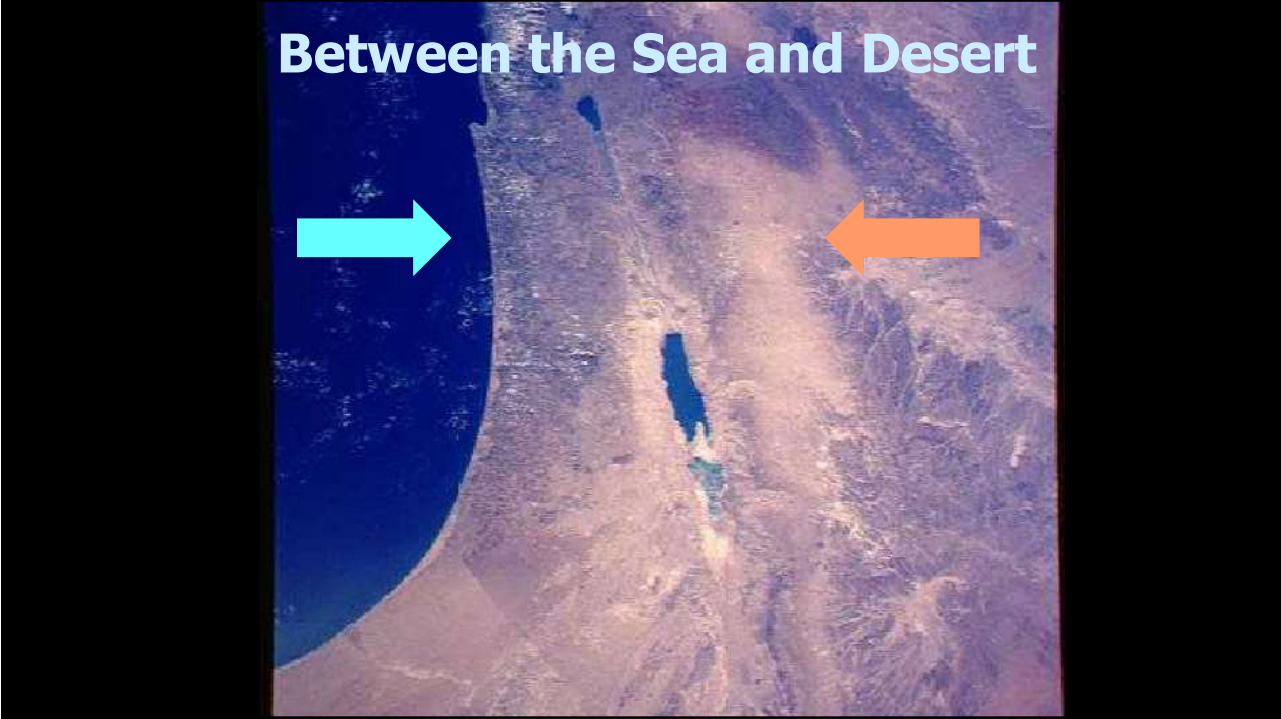
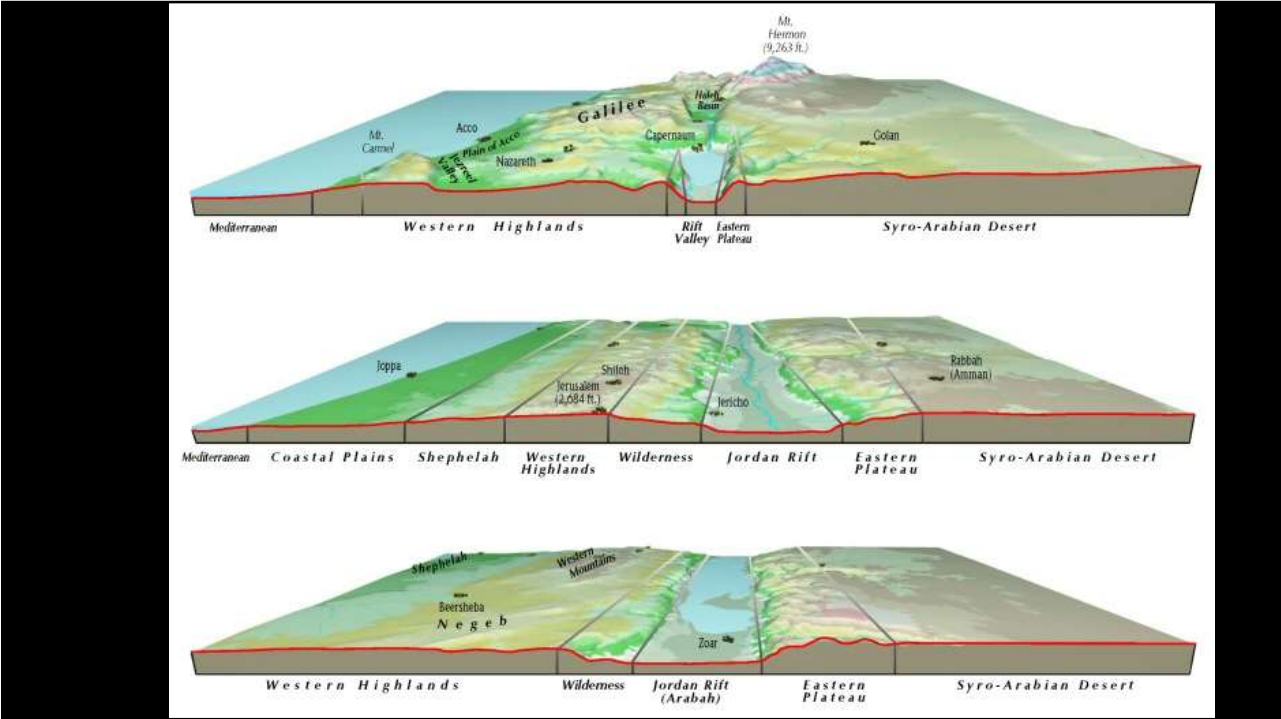


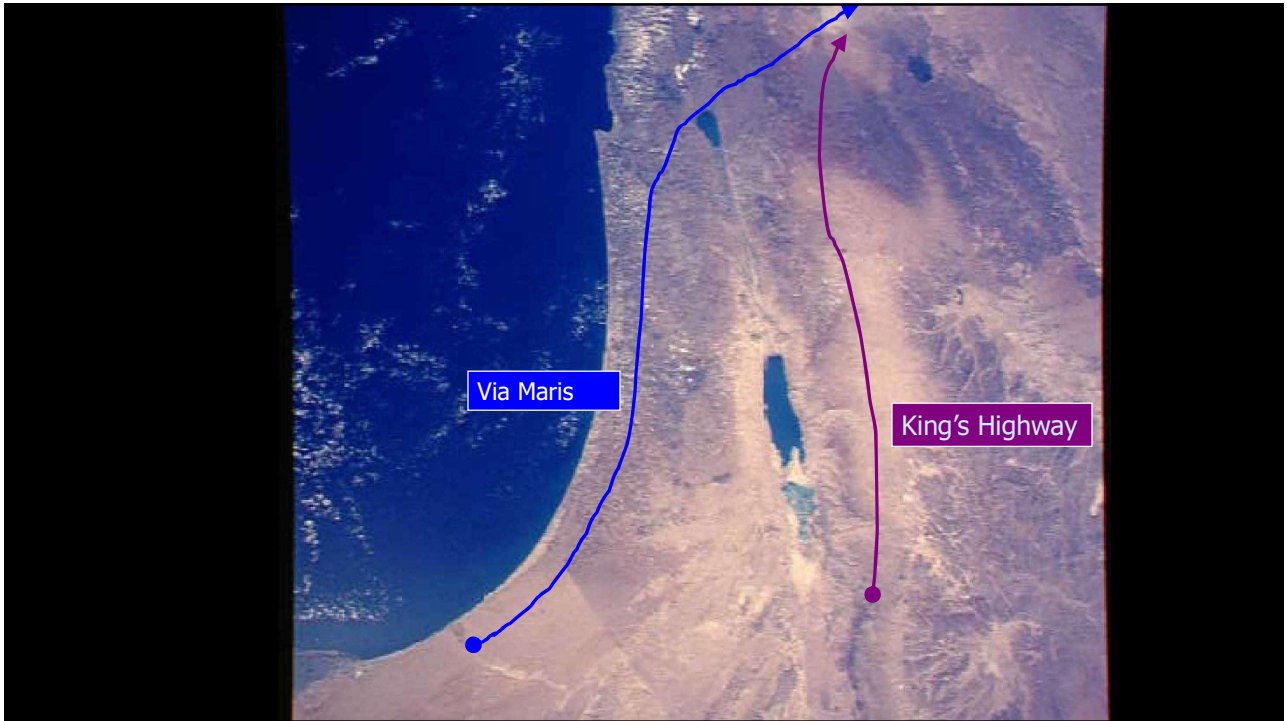
The Geography of the Land Mountains and Valleys

Four main longitudinal regions

- ❑ Coastal plain
- ❑ Central mountain ridge
- ❑ Jordan rift
- ❑ Transjordanian plateau













THE OLD TESTAMENT

THE LAW (Torah)	THE PROPHETS	THE WRITINGS
GENESIS EXODUS LEVITICUS NUMBERS DEUTERONOMY	THE FORMER PROPHETS - JOSHUA - JUDGES - SAMUEL - KING THE LATTER PROPHETS - ISAIAH - JEREMIAH - EZEKIEL - THE TWELVE	PSALMS JOB PROVERBS RUTH SONG OF SOLOMON ECCLESIASTES LAMENTATIONS ESTHER DANIEL EZRA/NEHEMIAH CHRONICLES

THE TORAH

1. The Law (Josh. 8:34; Ezra 10:3; Matt. 12:5; John 7:19)
2. The Book of the Law (Josh. 1:8; Neh. 8:3; Gal. 3:10)
3. The Book of the Law of Moses (2 Kin. 14:6)
4. The Book of Moses (Ezra 6:18; Mark 12:26)
5. The Law of Moses (Dan. 9:11; Mal. 4:4; Luke 2:22; John 7:23)
6. The Law of the LORD (Ezra 7:10; Luke 2:23, 24)
7. The Law of God (Neh. 10:28, 29)
8. The Book of the Law of God (Josh. 24:26; Neh. 8:18)
9. The Book of the Law of the LORD (2 Chr. 17:9; Neh. 9:3)

